DENR/DEH

ON-SITE WASTEWATER SECTION

Sheet ___ *of* ___
PROPERTY ID #: _____
COUNTY: _____

SOIL/SITE EVALUATION
for ON-SITE WASTEWATER SYSTEM

OWNER: Donald Beaver
ADDRESS: _____
PROPOSED FACILITY: SFR
PROPOSED DESIGN FLOW (.1949): 240 gpd
LOCATION OF SITE: 523 Oswalt Family Rd
WATER SUPPLY: • Private • Public • Well • Spring • Other _____
EVALUATION METHOD: • Auger Boring • Pit • Cut
TYPE OF WASTEWATER: • Sewage • Industrial Process • Mixed

APPLICATION DATE _____
DATE EVALUATED: 6-2-11
PROPERTY SIZE: _____
PROPERTY RECORDED: _____

PROFILE #	.1940 LANDSCAPE POSITION/ SLOPE %	HORIZON DEPTH (IN.)	SOIL MORPHOLOGY (.1941) .1941 STRUCTURE/ TEXTURE	.1941 CONSISTENCE/ MINERALOGY	OTHER PROFILE FACTORS .1942 SOIL WETNESS/ COLOR	.1943 SOIL DEPTH	.1956 SAPRO CLASS	.1944 RESTR HORIZ	PROFILE CLASS & LTAR
1	12% S	0-12	mk sl	fr ss sp so	NA	48"	NA	Rock obs	.3
		12-30	sbk c	fr ss sp so					
		30-36	sbk cl	fr ss sp so					
		36-48	wk sbk cl to sbkl	fr ss sp so					
			→ >95% soil						
2	10% S 6-2-11	0-4	gr l sand	fr ss sp so					.3
		4-28	sbk c	fr ss sp so					
		28-36	sbk cl	fr ss p so					
3									
4									

DESCRIPTION	INITIAL SYSTEM	REPAIR SYSTEM
Available Space (.1945)		S
System Type(s)		Gravel Trench
Site LTAR		.3

OTHER FACTORS (.1946): _____
SITE CLASSIFICATION (.1948): _____
EVALUATED BY: _____
OTHER(S) PRESENT: _____

COMMENTS: Need to brush hog area beginning @ overhead power line down slope 100 ft +/- to old barn and back towards house in order to complete repair evaluation. All plumbing to be routed to septic tank. Appears to have surfacing water travel.

LEGEND

use the following standard abbreviations

LANDSCAPE POSITION	GROUP	SOIL TEXTURE	CONVENTIONAL .1955 LTAR*	LPP .1957 LTAR*	MINERALOGY/ CONSISTENCE	STRUCTURE
CC (Concave Slope)	I	S (Sand)	1.2 - 0.8	0.6 - 0.4	NEXP (Non-expansive)	G (Single Grain)
CV (Convex Slope)		LS (Loamy Sand)			SEXP (Slightly Expansive)	M (Massive)
D (Drainage Way)					EXP (Expansive)	CR (Crumb)
DS (Debris Slump)	II	SL (Sandy Loam)	0.8 - 0.6	0.4 - 0.3		GR (Granular)
FP (Flood Plain)		L (Loam)				SBK (Subangular Blocky)
FS (Foot Slope)						ABK (Angular Blocky)
H (Head Slope)	III	Si (Silt)	0.6 - 0.3	0.3 - 0.15		PL (Platy)
L (Linear Slope)		SiCL (Silty Clay Loam)				PR (Prismatic)
N (Nose Slope)		CL (Clay Loam)			**MOIST**	**WET**
R (Ridge)		SCL (Sandy Clay Loam)				
S (Shoulder Slope)		SiL (Silt Loam)			VFR (Very Friable)	NS (Non-sticky)
T (Terrace)					FR (Friable)	SS (Slightly Sticky)
	IV	SC (Sandy Clay)	0.4 - 0.1	0.2 - 0.05	FI (Firm)	S (Sticky)
		SiC (Silty Clay)			VFI (Very Firm v. Very Sticky)	VS (Very Sticky)
		C (Clay)			EFI (Extremely Firm)	NP (Non-plastic)
		O (Organic)	None	None		SP (Slightly Plastic)
						P (Plastic)
						VP (Very Plastic)

*Adjust LTAR due to depth, consistence, structure, soil wetness, landscape, position, wastewater flow and quality.

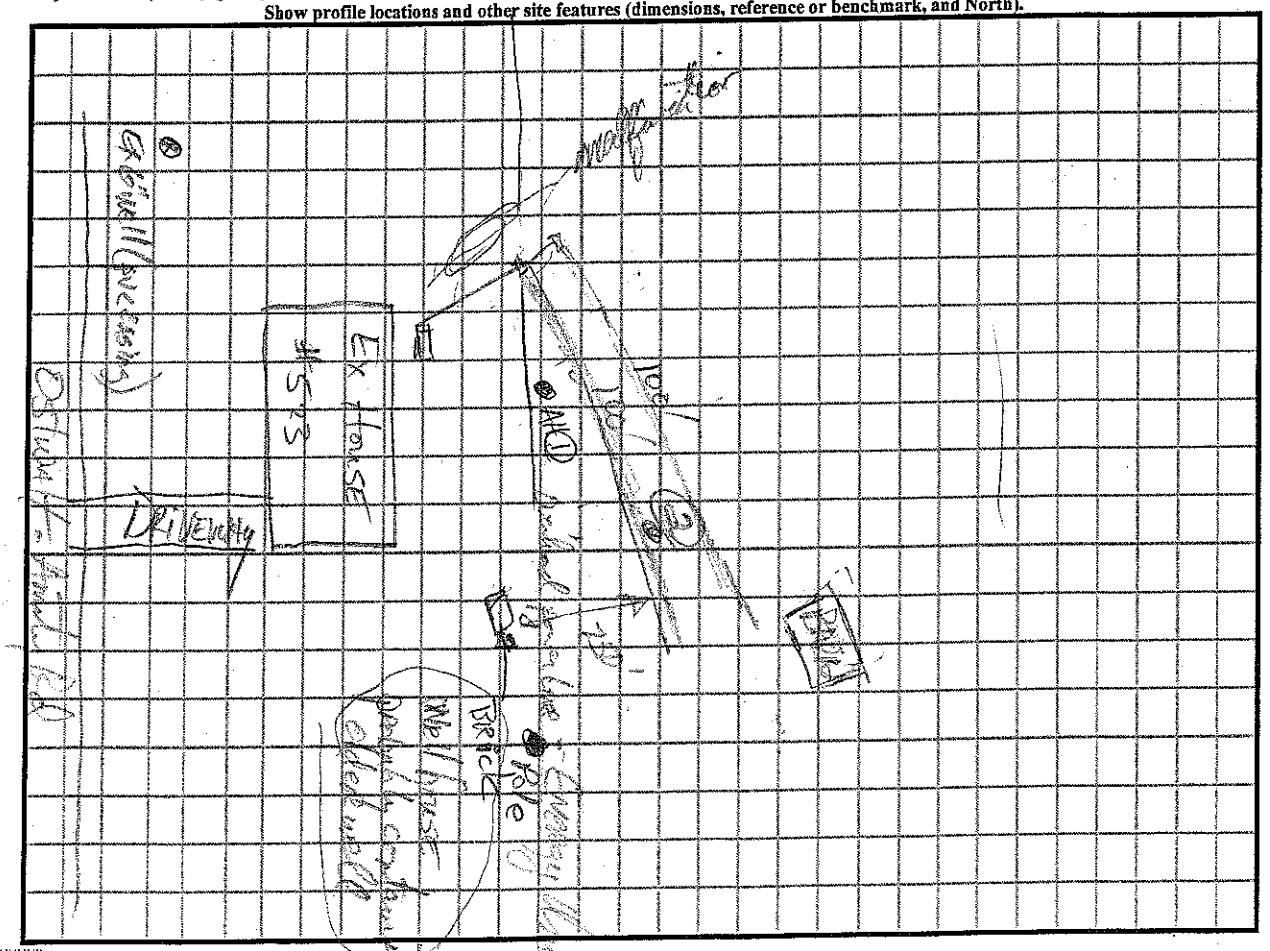
NOTES

HORIZON DEPTH	In inches below natural soil surface
DEPTH OF FILL	In inches from land surface
RESTRICTIVE HORIZON	Thickness and depth from land surface
SAPROLITE	S(suitable) or U(unsuitable)
SOIL WETNESS	Inches from land surface to free water or inches from land surface to soil colors with chroma 2 or less - record Munsell color chip designation
CLASSIFICATION	S (Suitable), PS (Provisionally Suitable), or U (Unsuitable)

Evaluation of saprolite shall be by pits.

Long-term Acceptance Rate (LTAR): gal/day/ft^2

Show profile locations and other site features (dimensions, reference or benchmark, and North).



DENR (######)
Review (#####)