use the following standard abbreviations

DSCAPE POSITION	GROUP	SOIL TEXTURE	CONVENTIONAL 1955 LTAR	LPP 1997 LTAR	MINERALOGY/ CONSISTENCE	STRUCTURE
Concave Slope)	I	S (Sand)	1.2 - 0.8	0.6 - 0.4	NEXP (Non-expansive)	G (Single Grain)
Convex Slope)		LS (Loamy Sand)			SEXP (Slightly Expansive)	M (Massive)
ainage Way)					EXP (Expansive)	CR (Crumb)
Debris Slump)	II	SL (Sandy Loam)	0.8 - 0.6	0.4 - 0.3		GR (Granular)
Flood Plain)		L (Loam)				SBK (Subangular Blocky)
oot Slope)						ABK (Angular Blocky)
ad Slope)	III	SI (Silt)	0.6 - 0.3	0.3 - 0.15		PL (Platy)
ear Slope)		SICL (Silty Clay Loam)				PR (Prismatic)
se Slope)		CL (Clay Loam)				
ge)		SCL (Sandy Clay Loam)				
uilder Slope)		SLC (Silt Loam Clay)			MOIST	WET
race)						
	IV	SC (Sandy Clay)	0.4 - 0.1	0.2 - 0.05	VFR (Very Friable)	NS (Non-sticky)
		SIC (Silty Clay)			FR (Friable)	SS (Slightly Sticky)
					FI (Firm)	S (Sticky)
		O (Organic)	None		VFI (Very Firm - Very Sticky)	VS (Very Sticky)
					EFI (Extremely Firm)	NP (Non-plastic)
						SP (Slightly Plastic)
						P (Plastic)
						VP (Very Plastic)

SE
ZON DEPTH — In inches below natural soil surface
H OF FILL — In inches from land surface
UCTIVE HORIZON — Thickness and depth from land surface
OLITE — S(suitable) or U(unsuitable)
ETNESS — Inches from land surface to free water or inches from land surface to soil colors with chroma 2 or less - record Munsell color and designation
IFICATION — S (Suitable), PS (Provisionally Suitable), or U (Unsuitable)
ation of saprolite shall be by site.
erm Acceptance Rate (LTAR): gal/day/ft²

Show profile locations and other site features (dimensions, reference or benchmark, and North).

