COMMENTS: _____

LEGEND

use the following standard abbreviations

LANDSCAPE POSITION	GROUP	SOIL TEXTURE	CONVENTIONAL .1955 LTAR	LPP .1957 LTAR	MINERALOGY/ CONSISTENCE	STRUCTURE
CC (Concave Slope) CV (Convex Slope) D (Drainage Way)	I	S (Sand) LS (Loamy Sand)	1.2 - 0.8	0.6 - 0.4	NEXP (Non-expansive) SEXP (Slightly Expansive)	G (Single Grain) M (Massive)
S (Shoulder Slope) T (Terrace)		SLC (Silt Loam Clay)				
	IV	SC (Sandy Clay) SIC (Silty Clay)	0.4 - 0.1	0.2 - 0.05	VFR (Very Friable) FR (Friable) FI (Firm) VFI (Very Firm v. Very Sticky) EFI (Extremely Firm)	NS (Non-sticky) SS (Slightly Sticky) S (Sticky) VS (Very Sticky) NP (Non-plastic) SP (Slightly Plastic) P (Plastic) VP (Very Plastic)
		O (Organic)	None			

WET
NS (Non-sticky)
SS (Slightly Sticky)
S (Sticky)
VS (Very Sticky)
NP (Non-plastic)
SP (Slightly Plastic)
P (Plastic)
VP (Very Plastic)

NOTES

HORIZON DEPTH	In inches below natural soil surface
DEPTH OF FILL	In inches from land surface
RESTRICTIVE HORIZON	Thickness and depth from land surface
SAPROLITE	S(suitable) or U(unsuitable)
SOIL WETNESS	Inches from land surface to free water or inches from land surface to soil colors with chroma 2 or less - record Munsell color chip designation
CLASSIFICATION	S (Suitable), PS (Provisionally Suitable), or U (Unsuitable)

Evaluation of saprolite shall be by pits.

Long-term Acceptance Rate (LTAR): gal/day/ft²

Show profile locations and other site features (dimensions, reference or benchmark, and North).

